1.1. Product identifier

KLARLACK HÄRTER ACRYLIC CLEARCOAT HARDENER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

The hardener (component B) for KLARLACK 300. For professional use in car refinish.

1.3. Data of the supplier Safety Data Sheet

NOVOL Sp. z o.o.
Ul. Żabikowska 7/9
PL 62-052 Komorniki

Tel: +48 61 810-98-00  Fax:+48 61 810-98-09
www.novol.pl
novol@novol.pl

Person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet  dokumentacja@novol.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone number
+48 61 810-99-09  (from 7.00 to 15.00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture was classified as dangerous pursuant to current regulations - see Section 15.

Classification 1272/2008/EC:
Acute toxicity (inhalation), hazard category 4 (Acute Tox. 4). Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritant, hazard category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2). Irritating to skin.
Skin sensitization, hazard category 1 (Skin Sens. 1). May cause skin sensitization.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, hazard category 3. Respiratory irritation (STOT SE 3).
May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, hazard category 3, narcotic effects (STOT SE 3).
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Flammable liquid, hazard category 3. (Flam. Liq. 3). Flammable liquid and vapour.

2.2. Label elements:

Contains: Xylene. Isocyanates. May cause an allergic reaction.

Pictograms:

Signal word: Caution

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause skin sensitization.
H355 May cause respiratory irritation.
H36 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P312 Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

2.3. Other hazards

Reacts exothermically with amines and alcohols; slowly releases CO₂ in contact with water; increases pressure in sealed containers; container rapture hazard.
SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances
Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Identification numbers</th>
<th>Classification and marking</th>
<th>Concentration [wt%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-Butyl acetate</td>
<td>EC: 204-658-1, CAS: 123-86-4, Index no.: 607-025-00-1, Registration no.: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX</td>
<td>Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Liq. 3; H226; STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066</td>
<td>30-40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,6-diisocyanato-hexanohomopolymer</td>
<td>EC: 931-274-8, CAS: 28182-81-2, Index no.: ---, Registration no.: 01-2119485796-17-XXXX</td>
<td>Classification 1272/2008/EC: Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335</td>
<td>30-33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>EC: 215-535-7, CAS: 1330-20-7, Index no.: 601-022-00-9, Registration no.: 01-2119539452-40-XXXX</td>
<td>Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Liq. 3; H226; Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315</td>
<td>20-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate</td>
<td>EC: 203-603-9, CAS: 108-65-6, Index no.: 607-195-00-7, Registration no.: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX</td>
<td>Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Liq. 3; H226;</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The full text of the hazard statements (H) is provided in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures
General information:
See section 11 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Inhalation:
Take the victim outside into fresh air, ensure quiet surrounding; in case of no breath, apply artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

Skin:
Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse contaminated skin with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes. If irritation persists, consult a doctor.

Eyes:
Rinse immediately with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes, avoid strong water jet-risk of cornea damage, consult a doctor.

Alimentary tract:
Do not provoke vomiting (choking risk). Call a doctor.
Person giving first aid should wear medical gloves.
SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
May cause irritation by inhalation. Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Flammable product. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

4.3. Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Special measures allowing for specialist and immediate aid should be available in the place of work.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media
Powder, foam resistant to alcohols, carbon dioxide, water mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Fire may cause generation of carbon dioxide and other toxic gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Fire-fighting teams should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and light protective clothing. Cool adjacent tanks by spraying water at a safe distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
For persons not being the members of aid giving staff:
Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure sufficient ventilation of the room. Avoid direct contact with the released substance. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

For persons giving aid:
Persons giving aid should wear protective clothing made of coated, impregnated fabric, protective gloves (viton), tight protective glasses and breathing apparatus: gas mask with A type absorber.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Stop the leakage (close the liquid inflow, seal), place damaged container in an emergency container, remove the liquid mechanically and place it in an emergency container. In case of large leakage, embank the area. In case of small amounts, collect with the use of a binding agent (e.g. mica, diatomaceous earth, sand). After approx. 1 hour put into a waste container. Do not close the container (CO₂ is being released). Leave for several days in a secure place outdoor.

6.4. Reference to other sections
Personal protection measures - see section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.
Disposal considerations - see section 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep away from heat and fire sources. Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil. Use in well ventilated rooms. Do not smoke. Do not inhale fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Use personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in tightly sealed, original containers. Do not store near large amounts of organic peroxides and other strong oxidants. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Store in cool, well ventilated rooms. Protect from low temperatures, the influence of sunrays and heat sources.

7.3. Special end use(s)
Hardener (component B) for acrylic clearcoat. For professional use in car refinish taking into consideration the information included in subsections 7.1 and 7.2.
SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene CAS 1330-20-7 according to:
- TRGS 900: MAK: 100ppm, MAK: 440 mg/m³, 2(II),DFG, H
- Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 50 mg/m³, 220mg/m³, STEL 100ppm, 441 mg/m³, Sk, BMGV

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS 108-65-6 according to:
- TRGS 900: MAK: 50ppm, MAK: 270 mg/m³, 1(I),DFG, EU, Y
- Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 50 ppm, 274 mg/m³, STEL 100ppm, 548 mg/m³, Sk

Butyl acetate CAS 123-86-4 according to:
- Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 150 ppm, 724 mg/m³, STEL 200ppm, 966 mg/m³

Hexamethylene disocyanate CAS 822-06-0 according to:
- TRGS 900: MAK: 0.005ppm, 0.035mg/m³, 1;=2;(I),DFG, 12

8.2. Exposure control

Respiratory tract protection:
Gas mask with A2-P2 type absorber (EN 141).

Hand protection:
Protective gloves PN-EN 374-3 (viton, 0.7 mm thick, penetration time > 480 min, natural rubber, thickness >0.35 mm in the short-time exposure)

Eye protection:
Tight protective glasses.

Skin protection:
Proper protective clothing (coated impregnated fabrics).

Workplace:
Fixed fume extraction and general ventilation.

Environmental exposure control:
Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>colourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>strong, powerful</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>0.9-9 mg/m³ (Xylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting/freezing point</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>126-140°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>32°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition point</td>
<td>about 430°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breakdown point</td>
<td>not specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>not specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits</td>
<td>% lower: 1.0 vol% upper: 8.0 vol% (Xylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>14 hPa (20°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density (with regard to air)</td>
<td>3.66 (Xylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>about 0.95 g/cm³ (20°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (in water)</td>
<td>insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-octanol/water division ratio</td>
<td>3.12-3.2 (Xylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>10-15 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2. Other informations

No available data.
SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity
The product is not reactive under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability
The product remains stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition. Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols, slow release of CO₂ in case of contact with water; pressure build-up in closed containers, danger of bursting of the containers.

10.4. Conditions to be avoided
Flammable product. Avoid contact with strongly oxidizing agents, peroxides, strong acids and bases. Avoid generation and accumulation of static electricity. Protect from the influence of sunrays and heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with large amounts of organic peroxides, strong acids and bases as well as other strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon monoxide nitric oxides, isocyanate fumes, trace amounts of hydrogen cyanide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

a) Acute toxicity
Xylene
LD₅₀ (rat, ingestion) 5000 mg/kg
LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation) 4550 ppm/4h

Butyl acetate
LD₅₀ (rat, ingestion) 14000 mg/kg
LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation) 9660 mg/m³/8h

1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate
LD₅₀ (rat, ingestion) 8532 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation
No available data confirming the hazard class.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
May cause skin sensitization

e) germ cell mutagenicity
The mixture has not been classified as mutagenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

f) carcinogenicity
The mixture has not been classified as cancerogenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

g) reproductive toxicity
The mixture has not been classified as having any harmful effect on reproduction. No available data confirming the hazard class.

h) STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness

i) STOT- repeated exposure
No available data confirming the hazard class.

j) aspiration hazard
No available data confirming the hazard class.

Exposure methods:
Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin: Causes skin irritation.
Eyes: irritating effect.
If swallowed, the substance may cause irritation of the alimentary tract, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.
SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
Poisoning symptoms:
Headache and vertigo, fatigue, decreased muscle power, drowsiness and, in exceptional instances, loss of consciousness. Vapours might cause drowsiness and vertigo. Repeated exposure might cause skin dryness or rupture.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

12.1. Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>EC50 (48 hours)</th>
<th>LC50 (96 hours)</th>
<th>Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances</th>
<th>Water hazard class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate</td>
<td>&gt; 500 mg/l</td>
<td>100-180 mg/l</td>
<td>5033</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>&gt; 7.4 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td>206</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butyl acetate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>42</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
<th>Biodegradation coefficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butyl acetate</td>
<td>98% (closed bottle test)</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Biodegradation coefficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butyl acetate</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4. Mobility in soil

Product very poorly soluble in water. The product in the contact with water changes in solid, insoluble substance (policarbamide). CO₂ is released at the same time.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
No available data.

12.6. Other adverse effects
No available data.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods
The product must be disposed of in compliance with proper local and statutory regulations with regard to waste - see point 15. The product should be disposed with entities which are authorised to conduct activity in the area of collecting, recycling or utilization of waste.

Product remains:
Do not dispose the product into the sewage system. Do not store with communal waste. Remove the remains of the mixture carefully and harden with the use of the proper A component, included in the set. The hardened product is not harmful waste. CAUTION: harden the remains in small portions and keep them away from flammable products. High amounts of heat are released during chemical reaction!

Contaminated container:
A container containing unhardened remains of the product is harmful waste. Do not store with communal waste. The contaminated container should be disposed with entities which are authorized to collection, recover or disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMO/IMGD</th>
<th>IATA-DGR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1866</td>
<td>1866</td>
<td>1866</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.1. UN number
14.2. UN proper shipping name
RESIN SOLUTION, flammable
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.4. Packaging group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>II</th>
<th>III</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.5. Environmental hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard</th>
<th>None</th>
<th>None</th>
<th>None</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.6. Special precautions for user

Do not transport together with materials of class 1 (excluding materials of class 1.4S) and some materials of classes 4.1 and 5.2. During transport, avoid direct contact with materials of classes 5.1 and 5.2. Do not use an open flame and do not smoke.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Convention and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Regulation 2006/1907/WE
CLP - Regulation 1272/2008/WE

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not performed

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant hazard statements listed in Sections 2 to 15:

- Flam. Liq.3 Flammable liquid. Category 3
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour
- STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, Category 3
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity. Category 3
- Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity. Category 4
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- Skin Irrit. 2 Corrosive/irritating effect on skin. Category 2
- H315 Causes skin irritation Category 2
- EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
- Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation. Category 2
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- CAS no. – a numerical symbol ascribed to a chemical substance by the American organization, Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS).
- EC no. – a number ascribed to a chemical substance in the European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS), or a number in the “No-longer polymers” publication listed European INventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS).
- MPC – (Poland: NDS) maximum permissible concentration of health hazardous substances in the work place.
- MPIC – (Poland: NDSCh) maximum permissible instantaneous concentration.
- MPCC – (Poland: NDSP) maximum permissible ceiling concentration.
- PCB – (Poland: DSB) permissible concentration in biological material.
- UN number – four-digit identification number of a substance, preparation or product pursuant to UN model regulations.
- ADR – European agreement on international road transport of hazardous materials.
- IMO – International Marine Organization.
- RID – Regulations for international rail transport of hazardous materials.

The information is based on our current knowledge. This document shall not constitute warranty for product characteristics. Classification was made by calculation method according to the classification rules contained in Regulation 1272/2008/WE.
SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Other sources of information
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
TOXNET Toxicology Data Network
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

Changes: General update

Training:
In handling, health and safety while working with hazardous substances and mixtures.
In transport of hazardous goods pursuant to the requirements of ADR regulations.

Issued by: NOVOL Sp. z o.o.
Information available from: Research and Development Laboratory, tel.: +48 61 810 99 09.